

## Quiz Grade: 81.8% (A)

### Quiz Submission

Global Governance and International Organizations

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#### Course Information

**Course Title:** Global Governance and International Organizations  
**Course Code:** SCGGO 644  
**Credit Hours:** 3

### Quiz Questions, Student Answers, and Correct Answers

#### Question 1 of 11

*Multiple Choice Question*

**Which of the following is NOT a key objective of global governance?**

**Available Options:**

- (A) Promoting peace and security
- (B) Fostering economic development
- (C) Protecting the environment

**(D) Maintaining national sovereignty ← STUDENT SELECTED ← CORRECT ANSWER**

**Student's Answer:** Option D: Maintaining national sovereignty

**Correct Answer:** Option D: Maintaining national sovereignty

#### Question 2 of 11

*Text Answer Question*

**What is the main purpose of international organizations?**

**Student's Answer:**

The main purpose of international organizations is to improve the lives of vulnerable populations by addressing immediate needs while also building long-term resilience. They provide emergency assistance such as food, shelter, and healthcare during crises, while simultaneously supporting sustainable initiatives in education, livelihoods, governance, and infrastructure. Ultimately, their role is not only to save lives in times of disaster but also to empower communities to overcome poverty, reduce inequalities, and achieve lasting development.

**Correct Answer:**

**To facilitate cooperation and coordination among countries on global issues**

### Question 3 of 11

*Multiple Choice Question*

**Which of the following is true about global governance?**

**Available Options:**

- (A) It is a new concept
- (B) It only applies to developed countries
- (C) It is a top-down approach

**(D) It involves both state and non-state actors ← STUDENT SELECTED ← CORRECT ANSWER**

**Student's Answer:** Option D: It involves both state and non-state actors

**Correct Answer:** Option D: It involves both state and non-state actors

### Question 4 of 11

*Text Answer Question*

**What role do international organizations play in global governance?**

**Student's Answer:**

International organizations play a central role in global governance by providing platforms for cooperation, setting global norms, and coordinating collective action on issues that transcend national borders. They help manage conflicts, regulate trade, respond to health crises, and promote sustainable development. Humanitarian and development work is equally vital, as it addresses both immediate crises and long-term structural challenges. Humanitarian action focuses on saving lives and alleviating suffering during emergencies such as conflicts, natural disasters, and epidemics, through the provision of food, shelter, healthcare, and protection. Development work, meanwhile, seeks to build resilience and foster sustainable progress by investing in education, livelihoods, governance, infrastructure, and social inclusion. Together, these efforts not only respond to urgent needs but also empower communities to overcome poverty, reduce inequalities, and achieve lasting stability. International organizations coordinate these actions by mobilizing resources, setting global standards, and ensuring that humanitarian relief is linked to long-term development strategies, creating a bridge between immediate assistance and sustainable transformation.

**Correct Answer:**

**They provide a platform for dialogue, negotiation, and decision-making on global issues**

### Question 5 of 11

*Multiple Choice Question*

**Which of the following is NOT an example of an international organization?**

**Available Options:**

- (A) European Union ← STUDENT SELECTED ← CORRECT ANSWER**
- (B) World Health Organization
- (C) United Nations
- (D) International Monetary Fund

**Student's Answer:** Option A: European Union

**Correct Answer:** Option A: European Union

#### Question 6 of 11

Text Answer Question

**What is the main difference between intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations?**

**Student's Answer:**

Intergovernmental organizations (IGOs) are formal institutions created through agreements between sovereign states. Their membership is made up of governments, and they operate at the level of international diplomacy and policy. Examples include the United Nations, the World Health Organization, and the International Monetary Fund. These organizations set global norms, coordinate policies, and provide platforms for states to cooperate on issues such as peace, security, trade, health, and development. Their authority comes from treaties or charters signed by member states, and they often have the power to influence international law and global governance. Non-governmental organizations (NGOs), by contrast, are independent, non-profit entities formed by individuals, groups, or civil society rather than states. They operate outside of government structures and focus on advocacy, humanitarian aid, development projects, and holding governments accountable. Examples include World Vision International, CAREI, Amnesty International, Médecins Sans Frontières (Doctors Without Borders), and Oxfam. NGOs play a critical role in delivering services directly to communities, raising awareness of global issues, and amplifying the voices of marginalized populations. Unlike IGOs, they do not rely on state membership but instead draw legitimacy from grassroots support, expertise, and their ability to mobilize resources and public opinion.

**Correct Answer:**

**Intergovernmental organizations are composed of member states, while non-governmental organizations are made up of individuals or groups**

#### Question 7 of 11

Multiple Choice Question

**Which of the following is an example of a non-governmental organization?**

**Available Options:**

(A) World Trade Organization

**(B) Greenpeace ← STUDENT SELECTED ← CORRECT ANSWER**

(C) International Criminal Court

(D) World Bank

**Student's Answer:** Option B: Greenpeace

**Correct Answer:** Option B: Greenpeace

#### Question 8 of 11

Text Answer Question

**What is the primary function of the United Nations?**

**Student's Answer:**

The primary function of the United Nations is to maintain international peace and security by preventing conflicts, mediating disputes, and deploying peacekeeping missions when necessary. Beyond this, the UN also promotes human rights, delivers humanitarian aid, supports sustainable development, and upholds international law, making it the cornerstone of global cooperation and governance.

**Correct Answer:**

**To maintain international peace and security**

#### Question 9 of 11

Multiple Choice Question

Which of the following is NOT a principal organ of the United Nations?

Available Options:

(A) International Court of Justice

**(B) United Nations Development Programme ← STUDENT SELECTED ← CORRECT ANSWER**

(C) United Nations Children's Fund

(D) United Nations Security Council

**Student's Answer:** Option B: United Nations Development Programme

**Correct Answer:** Option B: United Nations Development Programme

#### Question 10 of 11

Text Answer Question

What is the main purpose of the International Monetary Fund?

**Student's Answer:**

The primary purpose of the International Monetary Fund (IMF) is to promote global monetary cooperation and financial stability by supporting countries in times of economic crisis, providing policy advice, financial assistance, and technical training to help them achieve sustainable growth.

**Correct Answer:**

To promote international monetary cooperation and facilitate international trade

#### Question 11 of 11

Multiple Choice Question

Which of the following is NOT a function of the World Trade Organization?

Available Options:

(A) Administering trade agreements

(B) Providing technical assistance to developing countries

(C) Enforcing international trade rules

**(D) Providing humanitarian aid ← STUDENT SELECTED ← CORRECT ANSWER**

**Student's Answer:** Option D: Providing humanitarian aid

**Correct Answer:** Option D: Providing humanitarian aid